Parent/Teen Driving Contract

By The Driving Skills Institute

This contract is between ________________________, Teen Driver, and ____________________, Parents. The parties understand that today’s driving environment has a very high level of risk for all drivers, and especially the new and inexperienced driver. More than 6,000 teen drivers are killed and more than 300,000 teens seriously injured in car crashes in the U.S. each year. More teens are killed in car crashes than the total of the other five top causes. It is therefore very important to have a clear and complete understanding between Parents and Teens. The purpose of this contract is to establish the expectations, agreements and consequences between Parents and the Teen Driver.

1. There will be absolutely no drinking and then driving of any vehicle owned by the family, and there will be no drinking in the car by any other persons. Consequence: All driving privileges are forfeited until the teen reaches the age of 18.

2. At no time will alcohol or drugs be located in any car belonging to the teen or parents. Consequence: loss of driving privileges for one year.

3. The teen agrees to call parents for advice and/or transportation at any hour, from any place, if there is ever a situation in which the teen has been drinking or a friend they are riding with has been drinking. There will be no questions asked nor arguments at that time. Discussion of the consequences related to the situation will be delayed until the following day.

4. As a teen demonstrates the acceptance of greater personal responsibilities and a genuine sense of maturity and decision making, parents shall grant more individual privileges, which will include short trips, entertainment, recreational activities, etc. This will be periodically reviewed by parents and teen to assure that the teen is able to earn more privileges - IF the teen is demonstrating maturity. But it is understood that these privileges, not rights, and must be earned!

5. It is understood that the teen will NOT allow any other person to drive a family vehicle at any time, unless there is specific permission given by the parents to do so.

6. It is understood that there are specific state laws regarding the number of passengers while the teen is driving. It is therefore understood that any violation places the family at substantial risk in regard to financial responsibility. Consequence: Loss of driving privileges for _______ months.

7. It is understood that there are specific state laws in regard to the use of a cell phone by a teen while driving. The teen understands that they will NOT use a cell phone while driving. The teen also understands that any use of “texting” while driving is absolutely not permitted. Consequence: Loss of driving privileges for _______ months.

8. If the teen receives a traffic violation of 10 mph over a speed limit, the teen will be responsible for all costs associated with the violation including additional insurance costs. If the violation is more than 10 mph over the posted speed limit, and/or reckless or careless driving, the teen’s driving privilege’s are suspended for _______ months, and the teen will pay for all costs of insurance. The teen understands that these traffic violations will be on his/her record for three to five years, and will represent several thousands of dollars in additional costs.

9. The teen will wear a seat belt in any vehicle in which they are riding or driving, and when driving they will be responsible for any other passengers wearing a seat belt. Consequence: Loss of driving privileges for _______ days.

10. The teen understands that driving a car is not an appropriate place or time to “horse” around, and that friends can be killed and injured while “horsing” around. Consequence: Loss of driving privileges to be determined by the seriousness of the specific situation.

11. The teen agrees to maintain a grade point average of at least _______. Consequence: A portion or all of driving privileges will be lost until grade point is reestablished.
I promise to abide by the conditions and consequences of this contract, and I understand that my driving is a privilege and not a right. I promise to always drive in a responsible manner; to never play dangerous games in a vehicle; to never drive after drinking nor to ride with another driver who has been drinking. I will not place my life nor the life of friends or family at risk, nor will I place my family at financial risk.

Date: ________________

Teen Signature

I (we) understand that we are signing for financial responsibility for our child to obtain a driving permit and license, and that this places great financial risk upon our family. I (we) promise to focus upon the preparation of our child, and to do what is necessary to reduce the risks to our teen driver. I (we) agree to become a mentor to our teen driver, and understand that yelling and screaming at our teen while driving is not an appropriate response, and that our teen will learn much more by a calm, instructional strategy.

Date: ________________

Parent Signatures

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Recommended Guidelines for the Parent’s use of the Parent/Teen Contract

The use of the Parent/Teen Contract can make the “learning to drive” process a very meaningful “Rite of Passage” process for a new teen driver. It is an opportunity to use the contract as a basis of clear communication, up front at the time of permit and/or licensing, without using “threats” by parents and “whatevers” (attitude) by teens. We recommend that parents and teen literally sit at the kitchen table and go over the contract in detail, and discuss exactly what it means. And also, that the consequences are taken seriously and will be enforced as it is agreed.

It is extremely important that parents (or guardians) keep in mind that when you sign for a teen to get a license, you are signing for financial responsibility. The teen is a minor until age 18, and they cannot get the permit or license by themselves. In addition, parents have the ability to withdraw their signature, and the license is automatically rescinded. That control given to the parents is absolutely necessary to protect the family assets.

Parent should make absolutely sure that the new teen driver has received the preparation and training necessary to become a competent and skillful driver - and that, in their opinion, the teen can make good decisions while driving. Teens need to understand that they are responsible to the family for their actions, and that the teen will not risk the assets of the family. Otherwise, the parents will withdraw their signature. Obviously, this is more effectively done as an up front agreement rather than as a threat.

As to the elements of the contract: The elements in regard to drinking and driving should be obvious. But teens need to understand up front that this behavior is NOT acceptable. At the time of licensing, parents must understand the state laws in regard to the conditions of the teen’s license. As an example, many teens (and some parents) seem to think that the odds of a teen being caught driving with other teens in the car (which in some states is not permitted for a specific period of time) are not good, and even if caught, the price of the ticket is not that much. Parents MUST understand that the price of the ticket is NOT the “big deal”. The most important thing is that if the teen has crash while other kids are in the car, the parents of the driver are in an almost indefensible position. (That is, the other kids should not have been in the car – period.) This is true even IF the other driver was the cause of the crash!

It is particularly important if, as a parent, you begin the process with the teen that “driving is NOT a right”. It is a privilege. And that you, as a parent, are in charge of “granting” the privileges. So that it might be “wise” of the teen to get on your good side by acting responsibly.

In our opinion, the single most dangerous thing that teens are doing in a car today – is “texting”. This is something that most parents have not had to deal with. There is tragic story after tragic story in regard to teens texting and being in head-on collisions, or running off the road and hitting a tree, etc., and being killed or horribly injured. This is a situation that is going to have to be managed by the family. (Most law enforcement people cannot actually “see” what a kid is doing while texting.) It is therefore our strong recommendation that one of the elements of the contract is that the consequence of the parent even HEARING about a teen texting, that the driving privileges are “done”!

Parents should also consider requiring the teen to pay for specific things relative to driving. I.e., the additional costs of insurance now that they are driving; or the additional costs if they get a violation; or a portion of their gas; etc. Parents can get very creative in regard to this, and it has a huge impact upon the attitude of the teen.
Being involved in the safety business of teen drivers nationally, we hear about the incidents of teens who have been given new sports cars, or collector “muscle” cars, etc. by parents who really want to give their kids something special. As parents, we can all understand that. However, let me give you an actual situation that happened recently. New 17 year old teen driver is given a new BMW M-5. The car has over 400 horsepower, and has all the tricks for high performance. With four friends in the car, he hits a tree at triple digit speed, and all are killed. Can you imagine how the father would feel, after that experience? Enough said! A BMW M-5 after four or five years of responsible driving would probably be just fine!

Parents, be sure to give your teen a copy of the face of the contract – for them to keep and read! And you might want to just mention it to them periodically. (They could forget all about it after a while.) We want to wish you good luck through the process.

What are you willing to do to save your kid’s life? Most of us would say “anything”!